

4 AAC 58 is amended by adding new sections to read:

Article 4. Designation of Natural and Cultural History Repositories.

Section

300. Application

305. Alternative accreditation requirements

310. Statement of assurances and affirmative obligation to report material change in conditions

315. Review of designated repositories

320. Revocation of designation

390. Definition

4 AAC 58.300. Application. (a) A museum, a cultural center, or an affiliated research component of a museum or cultural center may apply to the department for designation as a natural and cultural history repository under AS 14.57.012.

(b) An application for designation as a natural and cultural history repository must be made on a form prescribed by the department. The application must be signed by the applicant institution's director or chief curator.

(c) An institution seeking designation as a natural and cultural history repository must submit an application to the department during an annual application period beginning March 1 and closing April 30.

(d) An application must describe in writing or otherwise substantiate that the institution seeking designation as a natural and cultural history repository

(1) meets each requirement set out in AS 14.57.012; and

(2) holds a current accreditation from the American Alliance of Museums or alternatively meets the standards set out in 4 AAC 58.305. (Eff. 3/6/2015, Register 213)

Authority: AS 14.07.060 AS 14.57.012 AS 14.57.050
AS 14.57.010

4 AAC 58.305. Alternative accreditation requirements. An application submitted by an institution that is not currently accredited by the American Alliance of Museums must demonstrate that the applicant institution

(1) currently maintains a certification or accreditation issued by a nationally recognized entity other than the American Alliance of Museums;

(2) operates under a curatorial and collections management plan that includes procedures for accessioning, cataloging, and deaccessioning museum property and for handling incoming and outgoing loans;

(3) has a written plan for the care of all collections and materials in case of institution closure;

(4) has a designated curator of record and staff trained in the curation and basic conservation of the collections contained in the holdings;

(5) has a written scope of collections statement that details the nature of present and future collections at the repository;

(6) has a written access plan that provides access to collections for scientific research, educational, administrative, or exhibition purposes;

(7) has procedures in place to protect confidential or sensitive information including site-specific locality information, nature of certain ethnographic collections, and

objects addressed under 25 U.S.C. 3001 - 3013 (Native American Graves Protection and Repatriation Act (NAGPRA));

(8) has implemented an ethics policy regarding the behavior of curatorial staff; the policy must address the acquisition of personal collections, outside employment, and engagement in commercial collecting activities;

(9) stores specimens with appropriate environmental controls, including temperature and humidity, in order to prevent deterioration and minimize the need for conservation treatment;

(10) has a pest management plan and keeps the facility free of insects, vermin, mold, and mildew;

(11) forbids the consumption or storage of food and drink in the same rooms where collections are stored;

(12) protects all collection areas with both locks and alarm systems; a system must be in place that tracks all keys and security codes and identifies who is authorized to be in collections storage areas;

(13) has a fire prevention and suppression plan and equipment in place;

(14) maintains a visitor log or sign-in sheet in order to track the use of collections by non-museum staff;

(15) has a disaster preparedness plan in place which identifies known and potential hazards;

(16) separates collections storage areas from offices, employee gathering areas, and preparation and conservation laboratories, and has as few doors and windows as possible;

(17) stores collections away from utility service panels and water and sewer pipes; utility service panels and water and sewer pipes must be located outside of collections storage areas, and procedures must be in place to minimize the necessity to access conduits and utility corridors from collections storage areas; however, if the construction of the building necessitates the presence of water or sewer pipes in collections areas, the applicant institution must demonstrate how the collections are protected from potential disasters resulting from catastrophic failures of the pipes;

(18) has taken steps to minimize ultraviolet light in collections areas; windows must be shuttered or covered with ultraviolet filters; lighting must be designed to minimize ultraviolet radiation;

(19) stores collections in stable and secure cabinetry with smooth moving drawers and adequate clearance above each specimen; an oversized specimen may be stored on open shelving, but dust and ultraviolet covering must be considered in order to supplement protection;

(20) stores each object properly; an archive should be in an archival acid-free box or folder; an object and artifact must be in an ethafoam-lined box, a non-gassing polyethylene reclosable bag, a glass vial, or another state-of-the-art container; each object or artifact must be cradled, supported, or positioned so that damage will not occur by the object's or artifact's own weight over time or by the opening and closing of sliding drawers;

(21) has a custodial plan that addresses daily waste collection, periodic cleaning, and sanitation procedures;

(22) safely stores flammable liquids away from all archival materials;

(23) maintains accession files that contain

(A) transmittal documentation that certifies that the specific collection, object, or archive was acquired and transferred by legitimate means; documentation may include

(i.) a copy of a federal permit under 50 C.F.R. Parts 10 – 21;

(ii.) a deed of gift;

(iii.) a will and testament; or

(iv.) a sales receipt;

(B) a receiving report that ensures that the specific collection falls within the repository's scope of collections statement and is approved by a museum director, curator, or other designated receiving official;

(C) pertinent contextual information, including field notes, maps, photographs, conservation or preparation records, and related archives; and

(D) administrative documentation that relates to the past, present, and future status of the collection;

(24) maintains conservation and preparation documentation that records techniques, chemicals, and treatments that have been applied to the objects, artifacts, or archives over time;

(25) has a system in place to monitor the status and location of objects while they are checked out of collections storage; the system may include outgoing loans or removal for study, conservation, preparation, or exhibit;

(26) ensures that all objects and archives display a unique catalog identification that includes the repository acronym and unique catalog number and identifies ownership;

(27) has a system in place to conduct a periodic inventory of its holdings that is at least a random sample inventory. (Eff. 3/6/2015, Register 213)

Authority: AS 14.07.060 AS 14.57.012 AS 14.57.050
AS 14.57.010

4 AAC 58.310. Statement of assurances and affirmative obligation to report material change in conditions. On or before April 30 an institution that has received a designation as a natural and cultural history repository from the department shall annually provide the department with a statement of assurance that it continues to operate under the same physical conditions, management policies, and safety procedures described in its initial application. Additionally, the institution shall promptly report significant changes to the policies and conditions described in its application to the department. (Eff. 3/6/2015, Register 213)

Authority: AS 14.07.060 AS 14.57.012 AS 14.57.050
AS 14.57.010

4 AAC 58.315. Review of designated repositories. (a) to ensure compliance with the requirements of 4 AAC 58.300 - 4 AAC 58.305, the department may monitor an institution that has received a designation as a natural and cultural history repository.

(b) Upon request by the department, the institution shall permit department personnel physical assess to the institution and shall promptly comply with department requests to inspect any document referenced by the institution in its initial application or a statement of assurance under 4 AAC 58.310. (Eff. 3/6/2015, Register 213)

Authority: AS 14.07.060 AS 14.57.012 AS 14.57.050

AS 14.57.010

4 AAC 58.320. Revocation of designation. The department may place an institution that has received a designation as a natural and cultural history repository on a plan of correction for a violation of 4 AAC 58.300 - 4 AAC 58.305. The department may withdraw an institution's designation as a natural and cultural repository if the department determines that the institution is unable or unwilling to properly address a violation of 4 AAC 58.300 - 4 AAC 58.305 identified in a plan of correction. (Eff. 3/6/2015, Register 213)

Authority: AS 14.07.060 AS 14.57.012 AS 14.57.050
AS 14.57.010

4 AAC 58.390. Definition. In 4 AAC 58.300 – 4 AAC 58.390, “institution” has the meaning given in AS 14.57.012(f). (Eff. 3/6/2015, Register 213)

Authority: AS 14.07.060 AS 14.57.012 AS 14.57.050
AS 14.57.010